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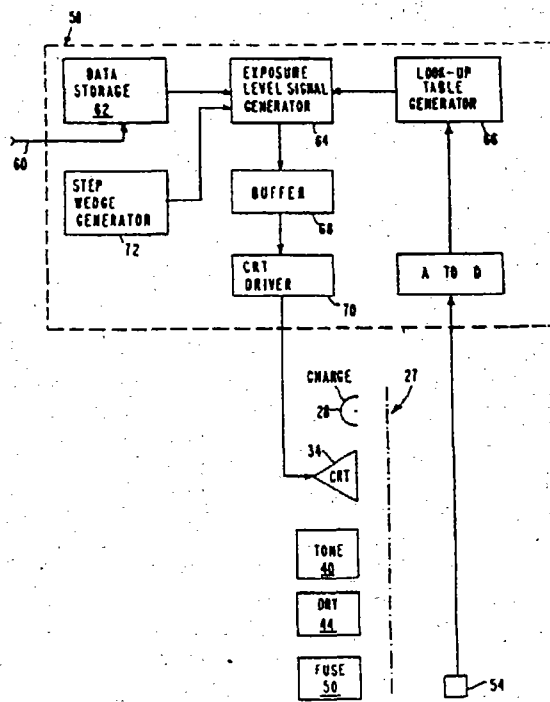
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Explosure control system for continuous tone elektrophotographic film.

An exposure control system which permits accurate reproduction of optical density levels on a final image is characterized by a dynamically corrected look-up table. The look-up table is used to calculate each desired exposure intensity level for each image pixel on the basis of data obtained during the exposure and development of an immediately preceding image.

FIG. 2



EP 0 269 033 A2

EXPOSURE CONTROL SYSTEM FOR CONTINUOUS TONE ELECTROPHOTOGRAPHIC FILM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTIONFIELD OF THE INVENTION

5

This invention relates to electrophotography and more particularly to a method for controlling the intensity of exposure of an electrophotographic continuous tone film to accurately reproduce a desired optical density range.

10

DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

Electrophotographic image reproduction systems have been in existence for a number of years. In general, such systems operate as follows. An imaging element comprising a photoconductive layer that
15 upon exposure to actinic radiation becomes conductive allowing an accumulated charge on the element surface to selectively bleed through a conductive path is first charged with a uniform charge layer by passing such element under a source of ionizing radiation, e.g., a scorotron or other such corona charging device. The charged surface is then exposed to imagewise modulated actinic radiation, rendering the photoconductor layer conductive and discharging the accumulated charge. The term "actinic radiation" is
20 construed to encompass not only photochemical activity but also the photoelectric effects described herein and the like.

In a continuous tone system, as contemplated herein, the amount of charge left on the imaging element surface is inversely proportional to the amount of actinic radiation received by the element. In this manner a pattern of electrostatic charges is produced on the imaging element forming a latent image corresponding
25 to the imagewise modulated actinic radiation incident on the element. The magnitude of the electrostatic charge at any one point on the imaging element is inversely proportional to the intensity of the exposing actinic radiation.

The latent image may now be rendered visible by development using colored particles which preferably bear a static charge and which are attracted to the charge pattern on the imaging element. Depending on
30 the desired result, the colored particles may bear a charge of the same polarity as the charge originally placed on the imaging element or an opposite polarity. If the charge polarities are the same and an appropriate bias electrode used the colored particles are preferentially attracted to the areas from which the original charge has been bled away, producing a "dark" or "colored" area of intensity proportional to the original exposure. If the charge polarities are opposite, then the areas that received the least exposure to
35 actinic radiation will attract the most particles. In the first instance there is an image reversal; the light tones appear dark and the dark tones appear light. In the second instance the image tones are reproduced the same as the original.

The colored particles may be in dry form or may be supplied in a dispersion in a carrier liquid. Generally referred to as toners, the colored particles or dispersions are well known in the art. Liquid toners
40 tend to produce higher image resolution and are sometimes preferred for that advantage.

Following toning, the image may be viewed as such, dried, fused or transferred onto a receiving element or any combination of the above, as is well known in the art.

In recent years the widespread use of computers and their ability to store and manipulate large amounts of data has resulted in image handling systems that employ image enhancement in applications
45 such as radiography, printing, etc. In radiography, for instance, a radiogram may be split into a number of digitally encoded picture elements, or "pixels", transmitted through telephone lines, stored on a disk, retrieved at will, contrast enhanced, and displayed for diagnostic purposes. Typically display media are cathode ray tubes, silver halide film, electrostatic display, etc.

At present the display of high resolution diagnostic quality images is inadequate. Cathode ray tube
50 displays have limited resolution and dynamic range. Reproduction on a silver halide film, while offering excellent resolution and dynamic range, is expensive, usually time consuming and requires darkroom facilities. Electrophotography is very promising since it reproduces high resolution images of sufficient dynamic range rapidly without the need for dark room development and complicated chemical processes. However, in order to obtain the required diagnostic quality in the finished product the exposure intensity level must be controlled to compensate for the electrostatic charge-retaining characteristic response of an

electrophotographic film and for the toner electrostatic response. To complicate matters neither the response of the film nor of the toner is linear, and both tend to vary with time, usage and/or environmental conditions.

Accordingly, in view of the foregoing, it is believed advantageous to provide a system for the accurate reproduction of the tonal range in a continuous tone image.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with of this invention there is provided an exposure control system which permits the accurate reproduction of desired optical density levels on a final image through the use of a dynamically corrected look-up table. The look-up table is used to calculate each desired exposure intensity level for each image pixel on the basis of data obtained during the exposure and development of an immediately preceding image. This is possible because changes in the characteristic response of both the film and the toner are gradual so that data developed during one exposure can be used successfully to control the following exposure.

It is in accordance with this invention to provide a method for generating a dynamically corrected look-up table for modulating the intensity of actinic radiation incident on an imaging element comprising the steps of:

- (a) modulating the intensity of actinic radiation representative of an image having a predetermined number of variable optical density levels in accordance with a dynamically corrected look-up table.
- (b) exposing an imaging element to the modulated actinic radiation representative of the image.
- (c) modulating the intensity of the actinic radiation with information representative of a step wedge having a predetermined number of known optical density levels using the dynamically corrected look-up table.
- (d) exposing the imaging element to the actinic radiation modulated by the step wedge information.
- (e) developing the image and step wedge on the imaging element.
- (f) comparing the optical density levels of the developed step wedge to the known optical density levels.
- (g) generating a correction signal based on the difference between the developed step wedge optical density and the known optical density levels, and
- (h) correcting the look-up table in accordance with the correction signal.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

The invention will be more fully understood from the following detailed description thereof, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this application and in which:

Figure 1 is a stylized pictorial representation of an apparatus useful in the practice of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a functional block diagram of the apparatus of Figure 1, useful in practicing the present invention;

Figure 3 is a graphic representation of the relationships between imaging element, toner, input and output optical density and exposure intensity for a system in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a graphic representation of the relationship between the input and output optical densities and the exposure intensity for a system in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Throughout the following detailed description similar reference numerals refer to similar elements in all figures of the drawings.

With reference to Figure 1 shown is a stylized pictorial representation in perspective of an electrophotographic copying apparatus generally indicated by reference character 10 useful to implement the present invention. The apparatus 10 includes a drum 12 mounted for rotation in the direction of the arrow 14 about an axis of rotation 16. The drum has a surface 12S. The drum 12 is also provided with an array of conductive rollers of which three such rollers 18A, 18B and 18C are shown. The rollers 18 are connectible to a predetermined electrical potential, preferably ground. Means for holding a film sheet to the surface 12S

of the drum 12 is provided. Suitable for use as the holding means is a vacuum hold-down system including a vacuum pump 20 operatively connected in fluid communication with a plurality of holes 22 arranged in the surface 12S of the drum 12. It should be understood that any other suitable holding means may be used, such as, a properly placed clip arrangement.

5 A sheet film feeder 24 is disposed adjacent to the drum 12. The feeder 24 is adapted to dispense an electrophotographic imaging element 26, hereinafter referred to as the film sheet, onto the surface 12S of the drum 12. The film sheet 26 carries an imaging surface 26I thereon. The film sheet 26 is held in place by the holding means discussed above such that the imaging surface 26I faces outwardly away from the surface 12S of the drum 12 as the drum 12 transports the film sheet 26 along a path of transport 27 through
10 the apparatus 10. The sheet 26 comprises two layers on a supporting base, usually seven mil polyester base. The outer of the two layers containing the imaging surface 26I is a photoconductive layer. The other layer is electrically conductive. A portion of the outer layer is removed along at least one edge thereof to define a strip of conductive layer so as to permit the conductive layer to be grounded through contact with the rollers 18A, 18B or 18C as the film sheet 26 is transported along the path of transport 27.

15 A scorotron or other corona-type charging device 28 is placed adjacent to the drum 12 downstream in the direction of rotation shown by the arrow 14 from the film feeder 24. The scorotron charging device 28 is operative to apply a uniform electrostatic charge over the entire imaging surface 26I of the film sheet 26.

An exposure station 32 is located adjacent to the drum 12 downstream in the direction of the arrow 14 from the charging device 28. The exposure station, which is a source of radiant energy in the form of
20 modulated actinic radiation, preferably comprises a cathode ray tube (CRT) 34 having a fiber optic faceplate 36. The term "actinic radiation" is construed to encompass not only photochemical activity, but also the photoelectric effects described herein and the like. The faceplate 36 terminates in close proximity to the imaging surface 26I of the film sheet 26. A laser may be substituted as a source of actinic radiation.

Next following the exposure station 32 in the direction of the arrow 14 is a toning station 40. The toning
25 station 40 is implemented in the preferred instance by a conventional liquid toner applicator of the type sold by Imagen Corporation as part number AG3-0054-020 milled to conform to the curvature of the drum 12. A D.C. motor is preferably substituted for the original A.C. drive motor and a passive roller is given an active drive. A drying station 44 typically comprising an air blower is located adjacent to the toning station 40.

A stripping means indicated by reference character 48 is placed in an operative position along the path
30 27 of the film sheet 26 to strip and to guide an exposed and imaged film sheet 26 from the surface 12S of the drum 12 to a fusing station 50. The stripping means 48 preferably takes the form of a vacuum release mechanism. The fusing station 50 typically comprises a pair of pressure rollers 52A, 52B. Depending upon the particular toner used at least one of the pair of rollers 52 may be heated to assist in the fusing of the toner.

35 An exposure measurement device 54 comprising a light source and associated photodetector is placed along the path of one edge of the film sheet 26. As is discussed herein the device 54 measures the optical density of a predetermined step wedge or tablet exposed along one edge of the surface 26I of the sheet 26. Wedges and step tablets are known in the art and discussed, e.g., in SPSE Handbook of Photographic Science and Engineering, Thomas Jr., Editor, Wiley Interscience, 1973 edition, pages 783 and 784. A film
40 sheet receiving tray 56 is provided to receive an imaged film sheet 26 exiting from the fusing station 50.

An electronic exposure control system 58, discussed in more detail herein, is provided to control the operative elements of the exposure apparatus 10.

The operation of the exposure apparatus 10 may be best understood in connection with Figures 1 and 2 in which the latter is a simplified functional block diagram of the main elements of the apparatus used in the
45 generation of an image on the surface 26I of the film sheet 26 in accordance with the present invention.

In operation, upon command through an input line 60 a film sheet 26 is released from the feeder 24 onto the surface 12S of the rotating drum 12. The film sheet 26 is held on to the drum 12 by the action of the vacuum pump 20 through the holes 22. The film sheet 26 is then uniformly charged over its surface 26I by the action of the scorotron 28. The charged film sheet 26 is transported along the path of transport 27
50 past the exposure station 32 where it is imagewise exposed to actinic radiation of varying intensity. As a result of this imagewise exposure the surface 26I of the film sheet 26 is selectively discharged in proportion to the intensity of the incident radiant energy leaving on the surface 26I of the film sheet 26 a charge pattern of various intensities representative of a latent image.

The latent image is rendered visible by toning. Toning occurs in the toning station 40 where the surface
55 is preferably immersed in a pool of liquid toner. Toner particles are attracted to the charged pattern on the surface 26I in proportion to the charge density on that surface. The surface 26I of the toned film sheet 26 is dried of any residual liquid at the drying station 44, stripped from the drum by the stripping means 48, and the toner image is permanently fixed onto the surface 26I in fusing station 50.

As part of the exposure process a step wedge comprising an image of a predetermined number, usually fifteen, of predetermined intensity (gray) levels ranging in optical density from transparent to opaque is exposed onto the surface 261 of the film sheet 26. The step wedge is preferably disposed along one edge of the film sheet 26 so as to be read by the exposure measurement device 54. Of course, were the step wedge otherwise located on the film sheet 26 the measurement device 54 would be correspondingly located in the apparatus 10.

The electronic exposure control system 58 is used to control the intensity of the actinic radiation incident on the film surface 261 through the CRT 34. The control system 58 comprises a data storage device 62 operative on command to store and to retrieve image data in digital form. The storage device 62 contains a digital representation of the intensity of each of a predetermined number of pixels corresponding to an image to be reproduced. Each intensity level is used to modulate the intensity of the actinic radiation produced from the CRT to create a latent image on the surface 261 of the film sheet 26. The device 62 may also include functional elements enabling it to receive the digital data representative of the image from a remote source. It may also include an input/output interface for operator control.

The data storage device 62 is connected at its output to an exposure level signal generator 64 that modifies the digital representation of the exposure intensity level for each pixel in accordance with a predetermined value stored in a dynamically corrected look-up table produced in a look-up table generator 66. The output of the exposure level signal generator 66 is stored in a temporary buffer element 68 and then applied through a CRT driver 70 to the CRT 34. Preferably the CRT is protected from burnout using circuitry known in the art.

A step wedge generator 72 is also connected to the exposure level signal generator 64, modified in accordance with the look-up table, to produce an output from the CRT 34 to generate the latent image of the step wedge. The generator 66 contains means for generating a set of correction values which are applied to modify a table of exposure correction factors. The exposure correction factors are used to determine the intensity of the imaging beam needed to reproduce in the final toned image the original optical density value of each pixel.

The electronic exposure control system 58 also includes a suitable analog-to-digital converter 74 operatively associated with the measurement device 54 to produce a digital signal representative of the actual optical densities of the toned step wedge image. These digital signals are applied to the look-up table generator 66. The manner in which the predetermined values in the table are derived in the generator 66 is explained in full detail hereafter. The functional elements 62, 64, 66, 68 and 72 are preferably implemented in a computer system using a Motorola 68000 microprocessor as the central processing unit (CPU). A computer program of twenty-six pages, A-1 through A-26, in M68000 assembly and "C" source language whereby the functions 64A, 66 and 72 are performed as well as the manner for generating the look-up table and for correcting the exposure intensity level is appended to and forms part of this application. The functions 62 and 68 are memories implemented in the hardware of the computer system.

The basis upon which the look-up table is dynamically corrected in the generator 66 is believed best understood from the following discussion. With reference to Figure 3 there are shown four curves which are helpful in explaining the generation and dynamic correction of the look-up table according to this invention. The four quadrants A, B, C and D and curves I, II, III and IV represent various relationships between different elements cooperating to reproduce an image. The upper right hand quadrant A shows an imaging element transfer function Curve No. I, as the relationship between the residual charge density on the surface of a precharged imaging element as a function of exposure of the element to actinic radiation. Following standard practice, the logarithm of the exposure (Log E) is used as the abscissa.

The upper left quadrant B contains the transfer function of the toner in the form of optical density as a function of charge density (Curve No. II). The lower left quadrant C is simply a transfer curve T to transfer optical densities between the vertical optical density axis and the horizontal optical density axis. Optical densities are represented here in terms of fifteen equidistant steps spanning the range of optical densities available in this system.

The lower right quadrant D represents the graph of the look-up table. Curve No. III is a linear function extending from a minimum illumination corresponding to a maximum optical density step fifteen to a maximum illumination level E_m (Maximum Exposure) corresponding to a minimum optical density level. Curve No. IV is the result of the modifications brought to Curve No. III to provide a predictably accurate reproduction of a desired optical density range and forms the basis for generating the look-up table. Curve No. IV must be generated; otherwise, due to non-linearities in the toner transfer function Curve No. II and in the imaging element transfer function Curve No. I, the reproduced toned range in the final image will be unacceptable.

As an example, assume for instance, that a desired final optical density is a step 7. Following the solid

lines in Figure 3, it is seen from Curve No. III that a level E1 exposure should be given. That level E1 of exposure results in a charge density D1 on the film sheet surface 261. As a result of this charge density D1 enough toner will adhere to produce a density step equivalent to 11.6 rather than the desired step 7. The exposure level should, therefore, be changed to give the needed step 7. To reproduce a step 7, based on the toner transfer function Curve No. II, the film sheet must have a charge density D2 as shown by following the dotted line. This in turn will be obtained by exposing the film sheet to an exposure level E2, substantially different from the originally predicted E1. This difference between the two exposures is generated and used by this invention to obtain correct exposures, in the following manner.

Referring to Figure 4, the combined effects of Curves No. I and II from Figure 3 are shown as a combined actual transfer function of the full system, Curve No. V. Practically, this curve is not known, so Curve No. IV, which constitutes the look-up table, cannot be precalculated. During the initialization process of the system a response such as Curve No. III is assumed and a film sheet is exposed to a test target, such as the fifteen optical density level step wedge, to produce a test target image of a predetermined number of known optical density levels. Following development of the test target the optical density levels produced are measured and compared to the known input levels. For instance, it is seen by following the solid lines that a density step 5 is reproduced based on Curve No. III as a step 7 since the exposure given is E1. However, from the measured values on the test target it is known that an exposure E2 produces a step 5 by following the dotted lines. Therefore, Point Q1 on Curve No. III should be corrected by displacing to a positive Q2 such that $Q2 - Q1 = E2 - E1$. The correction values for all density steps are calculated whenever a value falls between two step wedge values an interpolation to accurately calculate the value needed to reproduce the desired optical density. These values are used to derive Curve No. IV and to generate a look-up table corresponding to Curve No. IV in the look-up table generator 66.

The look-up table is dynamically corrected. Each time an image is produced on an film sheet a test target is also produced in a non-image area of the imaging element. The apparent optical density of the test target is measured by the measurement device 54, converted to a digital quantity by the converter 74, compared to the known optical density values, and the results used to modify the look-up table accordingly to correct for any discrepancies as may have arisen. Such discrepancies may be due, for example, to changes in the film sheet response, to toner changes or to light source intensity level variations, or to atmospheric conditions which may effect the rate of discharge through the photoconductor or other changes. In cases where the required maximum optical density falls outside the range of the look-up table the scorotron film sheet charging characteristics may be adjusted accordingly to produce the needed result. Typically, the toning station includes a bias electrode having a given voltage which controls the amount of toner adhered to the image surface 261. In cases where the desired minimum density falls outside the look-up table range the bias electrode voltage may be adjusted to bring the minimum density within the look-up table range and the initialization repeated. It is also possible to alter the system response in any desired manner by altering the look-up table in a manner not to reproduce a linearly changing test target, but in a manner which emphasizes certain steps more than others according to preselected criteria.

Those skilled in the art having the benefit of the teachings of the present invention as hereinabove set forth may effect numerous modifications thereto. These modifications are, however, to be construed as lying within the scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

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165

SY8 : 102.

Motorola M68000 ASH Verail n

LINE	ADDRESS	OPERATION	DATA	COMMENT
1	00242000	START	00242000	INIT STACK POINTER
2	00242001	LEA	00FA087A2	POINT TO DIO CARD DATA DIRECT REG
3	00242002	BSR	00FA087A2	SET PORT 0 TO OUTPUT AND CLEAR OUTPUTS
4	00242003	BSR	00FA087A2	POINT TO DIO CARD PORT 0 OUTPUTS
5	00242004	BSR	00FA087A2	LOOK AT HOME SENSOR
6	00242005	BSR	00FA087A2	AT HOME POSITION
7	00242006	BSR	00FA087A2	MOVE DRUM HOME MESSAGE
8	00242007	BSR	00FA087A2	6 BEEP
9	00242008	BSR	00FA087A2	FORWARD TRANSPORT DRIVE
10	00242009	BSR	00FA087A2	LOOK FOR HOME SENSOR
11	0024200A	BSR	00FA087A2	HELLO MESSAGE
12	0024200B	BSR	00FA087A2	CLEAR MEMORY LOCATION
13	0024200C	BSR	00FA087A2	SETUP FOR FIRST IMAGE
14	0024200D	BSR	00FA087A2	BLANK THE CRT AND CENTER IT
15	0024200E	BSR	00FA087A2	TURN ON FUSING POWER
16	0024200F	BSR	00FA087A2	TURN ON FUSING SPEED
17	00242010	BSR	00FA087A2	FIRST PASS MESSAGE
18	00242011	BSR	00FA087A2	INITIATE FILM FEED
19	00242012	BSR	00FA087A2	TURN ON VACUUM
20	00242013	BSR	00FA087A2	14 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN LAY DOWN
21	00242014	BSR	00FA087A2	AND START OF SCOROTRON
22	00242015	BSR	00FA087A2	LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST
23	00242016	BSR	00FA087A2	
24	00242017	BSR	00FA087A2	
25	00242018	BSR	00FA087A2	
26	00242019	BSR	00FA087A2	
27	0024201A	BSR	00FA087A2	
28	0024201B	BSR	00FA087A2	
29	0024201C	BSR	00FA087A2	
30	0024201D	BSR	00FA087A2	
31	0024201E	BSR	00FA087A2	
32	0024201F	BSR	00FA087A2	
33	00242020	BSR	00FA087A2	
34	00242021	BSR	00FA087A2	
35	00242022	BSR	00FA087A2	
36	00242023	BSR	00FA087A2	
37	00242024	BSR	00FA087A2	
38	00242025	BSR	00FA087A2	
39	00242026	BSR	00FA087A2	
40	00242027	BSR	00FA087A2	
41	00242028	BSR	00FA087A2	
42	00242029	BSR	00FA087A2	
43	0024202A	BSR	00FA087A2	
44	0024202B	BSR	00FA087A2	
45	0024202C	BSR	00FA087A2	
46	0024202D	BSR	00FA087A2	
47	0024202E	BSR	00FA087A2	
48	0024202F	BSR	00FA087A2	
49	00242030	BSR	00FA087A2	
50	00242031	BSR	00FA087A2	
51	00242032	BSR	00FA087A2	
52	00242033	BSR	00FA087A2	
53	00242034	BSR	00FA087A2	
54	00242035	BSR	00FA087A2	
55	00242036	BSR	00FA087A2	
56	00242037	BSR	00FA087A2	

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.TSS

1.90 SYS : 102.

Motorola M68000 ASM Version

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57 00242080 4E4F      TRAP      #15
58 002420EA 0006      DC.U    ROYLTON
59 002420EC 610006FC   BSR     READGO
60 002420EE 6100064A   BSR     ROYLTOFF
61 002420F0 610006FE   LEA     GOB1(FC),A5
62 002420F2 4EFA0290   LEA     GOB2(PC),A5
63 002420F4 4DFA029E   TRAP    #15
64 002420F6 4E4F      DC.U    OUTPUT
65 002420F8 0006      DC.U    VACUUM
66 002420FA 61000712   BSR     #9.D7
67 002420FC 7E09      MOVE.L  SECOND
68 002420FE 61000620   BSR     TRANSON
69 00242100 610006A2   BSR     CHARGEON
70 00242102 610006C4   BSR     #2.D7
71 00242104 7E02      MOVE.L  #991.05
72 00242106 1A3C0001   MOVE.B  COUNTER
73 00242108 6100063C   BSR     FILMSENS
74 0024210A 610007B2   BSR     #3.D1
75 0024210C 00010003   BTST    FILMPASS
76 0024210E 67000954   BEQ     CHARGOFF
77 00242110 610006B2   BSR     VACUUMOFF
78 00242112 610006FE   BSR     FFE1(FC),A5
79 00242114 4EFA0283   LEA     FFE2(PC),A5
80 00242116 4EFA02A1   LEA     #15
81 00242118 4E4F      TRAP    #15
82 0024211A 0006      DC.U    OUTPUT
83 0024211C 6100067A   BSR     TRANSOFF
84 0024211E 6100067E   BSR     TRANSREV
85 00242120 7E02      MOVE.L  #2.D7
86 00242122 61000650   BSR     SECOND
87 00242124 61000662   BSR     TRANSON
88 00242126 61000674   BSR     BEEP5
89 00242128 6100068E   BSR     HOMESEE
90 0024212A 7E13      MOVE.L  #19.D7
91 0024212C 610006CE   BSR     SECOND
92 0024212E 6100065A   BSR     TRANSOFF
93 00242130 6100065A   BSR     #4.D7
94 00242132 7E04      MOVE.L  #4.D7
95 00242134 610006C4   BSR     SECOND
96 00242136 61000662   BSR     TRANSFOR
97 00242138 61000642   BSR     TRANSON
98 0024213A 61000602   BSR     HOMESEE
99 0024213C 61000644   BSR     TRANSOFF
100 0024213E 6000FEF4   BRA     RESTART
101
102 0024214E 7E09      FILMPASS MOVE.L  #9.D7
103
104 00242150 1A3C0001   MOVE.B  COUNTER
105 00242152 610007D4   BSR     #0.D7
106 00242154 7E00      MOVE.L  SECOND
107 00242156 6100065A   BSR     FSHTKOFF
108 00242158 610006E0   BSR     TONEKON
109 00242162 6100066A   BSR     DRYERON
110 00242164 00000022   OR.B    #22,D0
111
112 00242166 00000022   *
113 00242168 61000244   *      IMAGE
114

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TURN ON READY LIGHT
LEAD THE GO BUTTON
TURN OFF READY LIGHT
MESSAGE AFTER GO BUTTON

ONE SECOND TILL VACUUM PULLS DOWN
TURN ON DC MOTOR
TURN ON SCOROTRON
3 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN CHARGEON AND
DRYER ON
LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST

CHECK FILM PRESENCE SENSOR AT SCOROTRON
CHECK FILM PRESENCE BIT
FILM IS SENSED

FILM FEED ERROR MESSAGE

REVERSE TRANSPORT DRIVE

300MS TO LET DRUM STOP

FIVE BEEPS IS FAILURE SIGNAL
SEND TRANSPORT HOME
REVERSE DRIVE TRANSPORT 1.0 INCH PAST
HOME SENSOR (2 SECONDS)

500 MS TO LET TRANSPORT STOP
FORWARD TRANSPORT DRIVE

SEND TRANSPORT HOME

RESTART PROCESS

10 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN DRYERON AND
THE START OF IMAGING
LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST

100 MS DELAY

TURN OFF FUSING POWER

TURN ON TONER PUMP
TURN ON DRYER
SET DEV ELEC. AND DRYER BITS IN D3 (IMAGE
WILL TURN ON THESE BITS ON PORT 3)
CRT EXPOSURE



SA 54/47/80 00:21:28

TSS

1.90 SYS : 102.

Motorola M68000 ASM Version

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115 0024216E 52390000234B      ;
116 00242174 61000592      ;
117 00242178 61000636      ;
118 0024217C 7E02          ;
119 0024217E 1A3C0001      ;
120 00242182 610007A5      ;
121 00242186 610006A0      ;
122 0024218A 7E02          ;
123 0024218E 610006D2      ;
124 00242192 610006D2      ;
125 00242196 610006D2      ;
126 0024219A 610006D2      ;
127 0024219E 610006D2      ;
128 002421A2 610006D2      ;
129 002421A6 610006D2      ;
130 002421AA 7E04          ;
131 002421AE 610006D2      ;
132 002421B2 610006D2      ;
133 002421B6 610006D2      ;
134 002421BA 610006D2      ;
135 002421BE 610006D2      ;
136 002421C2 610006D2      ;
137 002421C6 610006D2      ;
138 002421CA 610006D2      ;
139 002421CE 610006D2      ;
140 002421D2 610006D2      ;
141 002421D6 610006D2      ;
142 002421DA 610006D2      ;
143 002421DE 610006D2      ;
144 002421E2 610006D2      ;
145 002421E6 610006D2      ;
146 002421EA 610006D2      ;
147 002421EE 610006D2      ;
148 002421F2 610006D2      ;
149 002421F6 610006D2      ;
150 002421FA 610006D2      ;
151 002421FE 610006D2      ;
152 00242202 4EFA0181      ;
153 00242206 4EFA0181      ;
154 0024220A 4EFA0181      ;
155 0024220E 4EFA0181      ;
156 00242212 610006D2      ;
157 00242216 610006D2      ;
158 0024221A 610006D2      ;
159 0024221E 610006D2      ;
160 00242222 610006D2      ;
161 00242226 610006D2      ;
162 0024222A 610006D2      ;
163 0024222E 610006D2      ;
164 00242232 610006D2      ;
165 00242236 610006D2      ;
166 0024223A 610006D2      ;
167 0024223E 610006D2      ;
168 00242242 610006D2      ;
169 00242246 610006D2      ;
170 0024224A 610006D2      ;
171 0024224E 610006D2      ;

```

INCREMENT PASS COUNTER
 TURN ON FUSING POWER
 TURN OFF SECOTRON
 3 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN END OF IMAGING
 AND AIR PULSE
 LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST
 PULSE SOLENOID VALVE TO LIFT FILM
 3 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN END OF AIRPULSE
 AND FUSING CAN MOTOR DOWN
 LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST
 TURN FUSING CAN MOTOR TO LOWER ROLLER
 20 TRANSITIONS BETWEEN END OF AIR PULSE
 AND TONER/DEV ELEC OFF
 LOOK FOR WHITE FIRST
 TURN OFF DEVELOPMENT ELECTRODE
 TURN OFF TONER PUMP
 .5 SEC DELAY TO AVOID BLIPS
 WAIT FOR HOME SENSOR
 CONTINUE MOVING TRANSPORT FOR ANOTHER 1.5
 INCH(3 SEC) TO FREE FILM AT DRIVER ROLLER
 TURN OFF DC MOTOR
 500 MS DELAY TO STOP DRUM
 REVERSE TRANSPORT DRIVE
 2 SECONDS IN REVERSE DIRECTION PAST HOME
 TURN OFF DC MOTOR
 500 MS DELAY TO STOP DRUM
 FORWARD TRANSPORT DRIVE
 TURN OFF VACUUM
 6.5 SECONDS ADJUST L FOR DRYING
 AND FUSING
 BEEP SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION
 EACH BEEP IS 500 MSEC
 WITH NO WAIT IN
 BETWEEN
 CHECK PASS #
 BRANCH FOR NEXT SHOW
 SECOND PASS MESSAGE

TSS SA 54/47/80 00:21:29

Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102.

```

172 0024222E 4DFA0100 LEA SPASS2(PC),A6
173 00242232 4E4F TRAP #15
174 00242234 0000 DC.W OUTPUT
175 00242236 23FC00590000 MOVE.L #IMAG2BAS,IMAGEMEM SETUP FOR SECOND IMAGE
      000023AC
176 00242240 6100030A BSR IMG_INIT INITIALIZE DMA, TIMER, LUT AND CRT
177 00242244 6000FE40 BRA RERESTRT BRANCH FOR SECOND IMAGE
179
180
181 00242248 0A0A0A0A0A0A HI DC.B 0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A
182 0024225A 0A0A0A0A4D55 H2 DC.B 0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A
183 00242261 00242261 EQU
184
185 00242281 0A0A0A0A0A0A H0M1 DC.B 0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A
186 00242293 0A0A0A0A4452 H0M2 DC.B 0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A,0A
187 002422C0 002422C0 EQU
188
189 002422C0 505245536320 STR1 DC.B 'PRESS GO BUTTON FOR INITIAL FILM FEED',0D,0A
190 002422E7 002422E7 STR2 EQU
191
192 002422E7 46494C4D2046 FFS01 DC.B 'FILM FEED SEQUENCE',0D,0A
193 002422F8 002422F8 FFS02 EQU
194
195 002422F8 424547494E4E FPA01 DC.B 'BEGINNING FIRST FILM PROCESS',0D,0A
196 00242319 00242319 FPA02 EQU
197
198 00242319 424547494E4E SPAS01 DC.B 'BEGINNING SECOND FILM PROCESS',0D,0A
199 00242338 00242338 SPAS02 EQU
200
201 00242338 505245536320 V0B1 DC.B 'PRESS GO BUTTON TO START IMAGING',0D,0A
202 0024235A 0024235A V0B2 EQU
203
204 0024235A 494D4147494E G0B1 DC.B 'IMAGING SEQUENCE',0D,0A
205 0024235C 0024235C G0B2 EQU
206
207 0024235C 494D4147494E C0G1 DC.B 'IMAGING SEQUENCE COMPLETED',0D,0A,0A
208 00242389 00242389 C0G2 EQU
209
210 00242389 0A0A2A2A2A2A FFE1 DC.B 0A,0A,'***** FILM FEED ERROR *****',0D,0A,0A
211 002423AB 002423AB FFE2 EQU
212
213 EQUATES
214 MONITOR EQU #0
215 INPUT EQU #1
216 OUTPUT EQU #6
217 DO0BASE EQU #240000
218 FAS1 DS.B 1
219 PASS EQU #PASI-DO0BASE
220 ZLUT EQU #ZLOOK
221
222 IMAGE MEMORY LAYOUT DEFINITIONS
223 TM EQU 270
224 TCS EQU 40
225 ECS EQU 40
226 GH EQU 40
227 FC EQU 1
228 FL EQU 40000
229 PL EQU 34FL*TH+TCS+BCS+BM

```

Z LOOK-UP TABLE ADDRESS
 TOP MARGIN (IN LINES)
 TOP CENTER SPACE (IN LINES)
 BOTTOM CENTER SPACE (IN LINES)
 BOTTOM MARGIN (IN LINES)
 NUMBER OF LINES TO REPEAT FRAME LINE
 TOTAL NUMBER OF LINES PER FRAME



Motorola MC68000	ASH Version 1.90	SYS : 102.	TSS	SA 54/47/99	00:21:28	
229	00000047	LM	EQU	71	LEFT MARGIN (IN PIXELS)	
230	00000094	CS	EQU	4	CENTER SPACE (IN PIXELS)	
231	00000047	RM	EQU	71	RIGHT MARGIN (IN PIXELS)	
232	00000047	LL	EQU	LM+CS+RM+1024+2	NUMBER OF PIXELS PER LINE	
233	00000047	IMAG1BAS	EQU	03000000	START OF FIRST IMAGE	
234	00000094	IMAG2BAS	EQU	05800000	START OF SECOND IMAGE	
235	00000047	IMAGBASE DS.L	EQU	1	IMAGE BASE ADDR STORAGE ADDR	
236	000023AC	IMAGEMEM	EQU	IMAGBASE-D0SBASE	PTR TO STORAGE ADDR	
237	00000047	BLANKLIN	EQU	(IMAG1BAS+LL*PL+1)*0FFFFFFF	BLANK LINE	
238						
239						
240						
241						
242						
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246						
247						
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00000047	00000094	00000047	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	00000047	00000094	0000004
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[illegible]

LINE	ADDRESS	INSTR	COMMENT
402	00242400	INIT	INITIALIZE TO IMAGE THE FIRST "OFFSET" LINES
403	00242401	MOV	AT LOW Y AND A BLANK LINE AT HIGH Y
404	00242402	MOV	LENGTH OF LINE
405	00242403	MOV	NO INCREMENT FOR BLANK LINE
406	00242404	MOV	LINE REPEAT COUNT
407	00242405	MOV	POINT FOR FIRST SET OF LINES
408	00242406	MOV	ADDRESS OF REGISTER SAVE AREA
409	00242407	MOV	ADDRESS OF Y DEFLECTION TABLE
410	00242408	MOV	SET CAT CONTROL FOR FIRST LINE
411	00242409	MOV	SET CAT CONTROL FOR SECOND LINE
412	00242410	MOV	ADD IN Y DEFLECTION FOR 1ST LINE
413	00242411	MOV	ADD IN Y DEFLECTION FOR 2ND LINE
414	00242412	MOV	ADDR OF LINE FOR LOW Y (1ST LINE)
415	00242413	MOV	SECOND LINE TO IMAGE
416	00242414	MOV	ADDRESS OF ROUTINE FOR MIDDLE
417	00242415	MOV	SAVE NEXTLINE REGISTERS
418	00242416	MOV	SAVE REGISTERS
419	00242417	MOV	GET REGISTERS FOR THIS ROUTINE
420	00242418	MOV	SET ADDRESS FOR NEXT LINE
421	00242419	MOV	COUNT DOWN LINE REPEAT COUNT
422	00242420	MOV	DONE THIS PART OF IMAGE?
423	00242421	MOV	YES - SET UP NEXT PART
424	00242422	MOV	NEXT LINE FOR LOW Y
425	00242423	MOV	NEXT LINE FOR HIGH Y
426	00242424	MOV	NEXT LINE IS LOW Y
427	00242425	MOV	RESET REPEAT COUNT
428	00242426	MOV	RESET Y DEFLECTION TABLE ADDRESS
429	00242427	MOV	NEXT Y
430	00242428	MOV	SAVE NEXTLINE REGISTERS
431	00242429	MOV	RESTORE REGISTERS
432	00242430	MOV	ENTERED AFTER "OFFSET" LINES HAVE BEEN IMAGED AT LOW Y
433	00242431	MOV	AND NOTHING IMAGED AT HIGH Y. BY NOW, IMAGE LINE 1 HAS
434	00242432	MOV	MOVED UNDER THE HIGH Y POSITION.
435	00242433	MOV	FOR MIDDLE OF IMAGE, WRITE NEXT IMAGE LINE ON LOW Y
436	00242434	MOV	AND NEXT + "OFFSET" IMAGE LINE ON HIGH Y
437	00242435	MOV	SET INCREMENT ON HIGH Y
438	00242436	MOV	IMAGE LINE 1 ON HIGH Y
439	00242437	MOV	IMAGE REMAINDER OF LINES
440	00242438	MOV	SET-UP FOR LAST "OFFSET" LINES
441	00242439	MOV	ENTERED AFTER "PL" LINES HAVE BEEN IMAGED AT LOW Y
442	00242440	MOV	
443	00242441	MOV	
444	00242442	MOV	
445	00242443	MOV	
446	00242444	MOV	
447	00242445	MOV	
448	00242446	MOV	
449	00242447	MOV	
450	00242448	MOV	
451	00242449	MOV	
452	00242450	MOV	
453	00242451	MOV	
454	00242452	MOV	
455	00242453	MOV	
456	00242454	MOV	
457	00242455	MOV	
458	00242456	MOV	
459	00242457	MOV	



Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS 1 102. .ISS .SA 54/47/80 00:21:28

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460 * AND "PL-OFFSET" LINES IMAGED AT HIGH Y. NOW, IMAGE
461 * LAST "LOFFSET" LINES AT THE HIGH Y POSITION.
462 *
463 * FOR END OF IMAGE, WRITE NEXT IMAGE LINE ON HIGH Y
464 * AND BLANK IMAGE LINE ON LOW Y
465 *
466 *
467 *
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471 *
472 *
473 *
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517 *

```

AND "PL-OFFSET" LINES IMAGED AT HIGH Y. NOW, IMAGE
 LAST "LOFFSET" LINES AT THE HIGH Y POSITION.
 FOR END OF IMAGE, WRITE NEXT IMAGE LINE ON HIGH Y
 AND BLANK IMAGE LINE ON LOW Y

LEA BLANKLIN,A4
 CLR.Y
 BSR NEXTREP
 DS.L 9
 DC.B 010
 DC.B 010
 SPACE TO SAVE 9 REGISTERS
 LOW Y
 HIGH Y

SAVE REGISTERS
 INITIALIZE TIMER CONTROLLER
 INITIALIZE LOOK-UP TABLE
 INITIALIZE DMA CONTROLLER
 CALIBRATE CRT
 BLANK CRT
 SET LAST 2 PIXELS OF EACH
 LINE TO TURN OFF CRT BEAM

INITIALIZE BLANK LINE
 LONGWORDS ON EACH LINE

RESTORE REGISTERS

TURN ON CRT BEAM
 SET FOR INTENSITY DATA

WAIT 20 USEC

RESET CRT
 CALIBRATE BRIGHTNESS

WAIT 100 MSEC

.SA 54/47/80 00:21:28

.TSS

Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102.

```

518      *      MOVE.W    D2,(A3)
519      *      DEF        D0,CALCRT1
520      *      EOR.W     #18000,D1
521      *      EOR.W     #1E000,D2
522      *      MOVE.W    #10000,D0
523      *      MOVE.B    D0,D1
524      *      MOVE.B    D0,D2
525      *      MOVE.W    D1,(A3)
526      *      MOVE.W    D2,(A3)
527      *      DEF        D0,CALCRT2
528      *      EOR.W     #15000,D1
529      *      EOR.W     #15000,D2
530      *      MOVE.W    #20000,D0
531      *      MOVE.B    D0,D1
532      *      MOVE.B    D0,D2
533      *      MOVE.W    D1,(A3)
534      *      MOVE.W    D2,(A3)
535      *      DEF        D0,CALCRT3
536      *      MOVE.W    #0027F,(A3)
537      *      MOVE.W    #0007F,(A3)
538      *      RTS
539
540      *      *
541      *      *
542      *      *
543      *      *
544      *      *
545      *      *
546      *      *
547      *      *
548      *      *
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561      *      *
562      *      *
563      *      *
564      *      *
565      *      *
566      *      *
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568      *      *
569      *      *
570      *      *
571      *      *
572      *      *
573      *      *
574      *      *

```

RESET CRT

WAIT 50 MSEC
USE LOW BYTE FOR Y DEFLECTION

CALIBRATE CONTRAST

WAIT 100 MSEC
USE LOW BYTE FOR Y DEFLECTION

END OF CALIBRATION

DATA TO BLANK CRT

ADDRESS OF CONTROL AND Y
DISABLE VIDEO
ADDRESS OF EXTERNAL LUT RAM
ADDRESS OF LUT LOADED FROM DISK
(COPY 256 WORDS)

INITIALIZE LOOK-UP TABLE (LUT)

INITIALIZE DMA CONTROLLER

POINT TO DMA CONTROLLER
CLEAR OUT ANY ERRORS

DONE?
IF NE NO
DONE?
IF NE NO
CLEAR OUT LAST COMMAND
INITIALIZE DMA CONTROLLER
INITIALIZE INTERRUPT VECTORS


```

Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS:102. TSS SA 54/47/B0 00:21:28

575 002425F0 107C00440027 MOVE.B #044,CHAN0+DMAEIN(A5)
576 002425F6 107C00450065 MOVE.B #045,CHAN1+DMAEIN(A5)
577 002425FC 107C00450067 MOVE.B #045,CHAN1+DMAEIN(A5)
578 00242602 41FAFE6C LEA INTSERV(PC),A0 SET INTERRUPT VECTOR
579 00242606 21C90110 MOVE.L A0,$4414
580 0024260A 41FAN0C LEA FGSEVP(PC),A0
581 0024260E 21C80114 MOVE.L A0,$4514
582
583 00242612 107C00000004 *
584 00242618 107C00000044 MOVE.B #0A0,CHAN0+DMAOCR(A5)
585 0024261E 107C00002005 MOVE.B #0A0,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
586 00242624 107C00002005 MOVE.B #0A2,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
587 0024262A 107C00004006 MOVE.B #0A4,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
588 00242630 107C00004006 MOVE.B #0A4,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
589 00242636 107C00000020 MOVE.B #0A0,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
590 0024263C 107C00001005D MOVE.B #0A1,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
591 00242642 207C00000000 MOVE.L #000000,CHAN0+DMAOCR(A5) DEVICE ADDRESS NOT USED
592 0024264A 207C00000000 MOVE.L #000000,CHAN1+DMAOCR(A5)
593 00242652 107C00000029 MOVE.B #005,CHAN0+DMAHFC(A5) ALL DATA IN SUPER MEMORY
594 00242658 107C00000031 MOVE.B #005,CHAN0+DMAHFC(A5)
595 0024265E 107C00000039 MOVE.B #005,CHAN1+DMAHFC(A5)
596 00242664 107C00000059 MOVE.B #005,CHAN1+DMAHFC(A5)
597 0024266A 107C00000071 MOVE.B #005,CHAN1+DMAHFC(A5)
598 00242670 107C00000079 MOVE.B #005,CHAN1+DMAHFC(A5)
599
600 00242676 4E75 RTS
601
602 * FRAME GRABBER INTERRUPT SERVICE
603 *
604 FGSEVP BRA *
605
606 * CLEAR OUT PREVIOUS DMA COMMAND AND ERROR
607 *
608 *
609 DMACLR MOVE.B #0F2,CHAN1+DMACSR(A5) DONE?
610 00242690 002C0000700A0 BTST.B #7,CHAN1+DMACSR(A5) IF NE NO
611 00242686 66F2 BNE DMACLR
612 00242688 1CB000F2 DMACLR MOVE.B #0F2,CHAN0+DMACSR(A5) DONE?
613 0024268C 0B160007 BTST.B #7,CHAN0+DMACSR(A5) IF NE NO
614 00242690 66F6 BNE DMACLR
615 00242692 4E75 RTS
616
617 *
618 * INITIALIZE TIMER CONTROLLER
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SA 54/47/90 00:21:28

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Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 192.

```

631 002426AE 3ABCFF5F      MOVE.W 00FFFF,(A5)
632 002426B2 3ABCFF5F      MOVE.W 00FFFF,(A5)
633 002426E6 3ABCFF17      MOVE.W 00FF17,(A5)
634 002426BA 3ABCFF00      MOVE.W 00FF00,(A4)
635 002426BE 3ABCFF05      MOVE.W 00FF05,(A5)
636 002426C2 3ABCFF52      MOVE.W 00FF52,(A4)
637 002426C6 3ABCFFED      MOVE.W 00FFED,(A5)
638 002426CA 3ABCFF00      MOVE.W 00FF00,(A5)
639 002426CE 3ABCFF11      MOVE.W 00FF11,(A4)
640 002426D2 3ABCFF15      MOVE.W 00FF15,(A5)
641 002426D6 3ABCFF05      MOVE.W 00FF05,(A5)
642 002426DA 3ABCFF04      MOVE.W 00FF04,(A5)
643 002426DE 3ABCFF02      MOVE.W 00FF02,(A4)
644 002426E2 3ABCFF04      MOVE.W 00FF04,(A5)
645 002426EA 3ABCFF04      MOVE.W 00FF04,(A5)
646 002426EE 3ABCFF0C      MOVE.W 00FF0C,(A5)
647 002426F2 3ABCFF02      MOVE.W 00FF02,(A5)
648 002426F6 3ABCFF00      MOVE.W 00FF00,(A5)
649 002426FA 4E75          RTS

```

```

LOAD COUNTERS TO CLEAR TC
SET TO 15-BIT DATA MODE
SELECT MWR REGISTER
SET TO 15-BIT DATA, BCD SCALE
SELECT COUNTER 5 MODE REGISTER
MODE K,5MHZ SRC,TC TOG,GATE 5
SET TC HIGH
SELECT COUNTER 5 LOAD REGISTER
PIXEL CLOCK LOW
SELECT COUNTER 5 HOLD REGISTER
PIXEL CLOCK HIGH
SELECT COUNTER 4 MODE REGISTER
MODE J,5MHZ SRC,TC TOG,NO GATE
SET COUNTER 4 TC LOW
SELECT COUNTER 4 HOLD REGISTER
SELECT COUNTER 4 LOAD REGISTER
HORIZONTAL RETRACE TIME
LOAD AND ARM CNTR 4 (SWEEP GATE)

```

* SUBROUTINES

```

651 0024270C 122A0001      READ60
652 00242710 00010000      MOVE.L 0001,(A2),D1
653 00242714 65F6          BTST     BNE
654 00242716 2C3C00000000      MOVE.L 00000000,D6
655 0024271C 51CEFFFE      DEF
656 00242720 122A0001      READ1
657 00242724 08010000      MOVE.L 0001,(A2),D1
658 00242728 65E2          BTST     BNE
659 0024272A 2C3C00000000      READ2
660 00242730 51CEFFFE      MOVE.L 00000000,D6
661 00242734 122A0001      MOVE.L 0001,(A2),D1
662 00242738 08010000      BTST     BNE
663 0024273C 66CE          READ0
664 0024273E 4E75          RTS
665 00242740 122A0001      MOVE.B 0001,(A2),D1
666 00242744 4E75          RTS
667 00242746 122A0001      MOVE.B 0001,(A2),D1
668 0024274A 08010001      BTST     BNE
669 0024274E 67F6          DEF
670 00242750 4E75          RTS
671 00242752 14BC0009      CLRF0RT
672 00242756 4E75          RTS
673 00242758 4E75          RTS
674 0024275A 4E75          RTS
675 0024275C 4E75          RTS
676 0024275E 4E75          RTS
677 00242760 4E75          RTS
678 00242762 4E75          RTS
679 00242764 4E75          RTS
680 00242766 4E75          RTS
681 00242768 4E75          RTS
682 0024276A 4E75          RTS
683 0024276C 4E75          RTS
684 0024276E 4E75          RTS
685 00242770 4E75          RTS
686 00242772 4E75          RTS
687 00242774 4E75          RTS
688 00242776 4E75          RTS

```

0.1 SECOND DELAY

```

READ INPUT REGISTER
TEST FOR GO BUTTON PUSHED
GO BUTTON NOT PUSHED
50MS DELAY FOR SWITCH DEBOUNCING
READ INPUT REGISTER AGAIN
TEST IF GO BUTTON STILL PUSHED
GO BUTTON NOT STILL PUSHED
50MS DELAY FOR SWITCH DEBOUNCING
READ INPUT REGISTER A THIRD TIME
TEST IF GO BUTTON STILL PUSHED
GO BUTTON NOT STILL PUSHED

```

READ PORT 1

READ INPUT REGISTER
TEST FOR HOME SENSOR

SET DDR PORTS 0 & 3 ARE ALWAYS OUT



Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102. T55 .SA 54/47/00 00:21:28

PORT1 IS ALWAYS IN & PORT 2 IS BIDIR
 CLEAR OUTPUTS ON PORT 0
 CLEAR OUTPUTS ON PORT 2
 CLEAR OUTPUTS ON PORT 3
 (CLEAR PORT 0 DATA
 (CLEAR PORT 1 DATA
 (CLEAR PORT 2 DATA
 (CLEAR PORT 3 DATA

* NOTE: NO CONTROL IS DONE USING PORT 0, BIT 02, 5 AND 6
 DRYERON OR.B #020,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

DRYEROFF AND.B #00F,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

TRANSON MOVE.B (A2),D0
 OR.B #004,D0
 MOVE.B D0,(A2)
 RTS

TRANSOFF AND.B #0FB,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

TRANSREV OR.B #010,D3
 MOVE.B D3,3(A2)
 RTS

TRANSFOR AND.B #0EF,D3
 D3,3(A2)
 RTS

CHARON OR.B #001,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

CHAROFF MOVE.B (A2),D0
 AND.B #0FE,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

ROYLTON OR.B #008,D3
 D3,3(A2)
 RTS

ROYLTOFF AND.B #0F7,D3
 D3,3(A2)
 RTS

TONERON OR.B #010,D0
 D0,(A2)
 RTS

TONEROFF AND.B #0EF,D0

Motorola M69000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102 TSS SA 54/47/80 00:21:28

747	002427DA 1480	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	TURIN TONER PUMP OFF
748	002427DC 4E75	RTS	
749			
750	002427DE 1012	DEVELOFF	
751	002427E0 020000FD	MOVE.B (A2),D0	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
752	002427E4 1480	AND.B #0FD,D0	TURIN DEVELOPMENT ELECTRODE OFF
753	002427E6 4E75	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	
754		RTS	
755	002427E8 00000040	VACUMON *	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER (PORT 0,
756		OR.B #040,D0	BIT 6)
757	002427EC 1480	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	TURIN VACUUM ON
758	002427EE 7C14	MOVE.L #20,D5	1.5 SEC DELAY
759	002427F0 2E3C0000FFFF	MOVE.L #FFFF,D7	100 MILLISEC DELAY
760	002427F6 51CEFFFE	DEF D7,VACDEL	
761	002427FA 51CEFFFE	DEF D6,V1	
762	002427FE 4E75	RTS	
763			
764	00242800 0200008F	VACUMOFF	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
765	00242804 1480	AND.B D0,(A2)	TURIN VACUUM OFF
766	00242806 4E75	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	
767		RTS	
768	00242808 00000000	FSHTRON *	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER (PORT 0,
769		OR.B #008,D0	BITS 3 AND 7)
770	0024280C 1480	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	TURIN FUSER HEAT ON
771	0024280E 4E75	RTS	
772			
773	00242810 020000F7	FSHTROFF	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
774	00242814 1480	AND.B D0,(A2)	TURIN FUSING HEAT OFF
775	00242816 4E75	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	
776		RTS	
777	00242818 00000000	FSPEDON *	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER (PORT 0,
778		OR.B #000,D0	BITS 3 AND 7)
779	0024281C 1480	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	TURIN FUSER SPEED ON
780	0024281E 4E75	RTS	
781			
782	00242820 0200007F	FSPEDOFF	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
783	00242824 1480	AND.B D0,(A2)	TURIN FUSING SPEED OFF
784	00242826 4E75	MOVE.B D0,(A2)	
785		RTS	
786	00242828 00030002	AIRPULSE	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
787	0024282C 15430003	OR.B #02,D3	TURIN AIR PULSE ON
788	00242830 7E27	MOVE.B D3,3(A2)	4.0 SECOND PULSE LENGTH
789	00242832 6100FEC8	MOVE.L #39,D7	
790	00242836 020300FD	BSR SECOND	PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
791	0024283A 15430003	AND.B #0FD,D3	TURIN AIR PULSE OFF
792	0024283E 4E75	MOVE.B D3,3(A2)	
793		RTS	
794	00242840 00030004	BEEP	PREP CONTROL REGISTER
795	00242844 15430003	OR.B #04,D3	TURIN ON BEEPER
796	00242848 7E04	MOVE.B D3,3(A2)	500 MILLISEC KEEP
797	0024284A 6100FEC8	MOVE.L #4,D7	
798	0024284E 020300FB	BSR SECOND	PREP CONTROL REGISTER
799	00242852 15430003	AND.B #0FE,D3	TURIN OFF BEEPER
800	00242856 4E75	MOVE.B D3,3(A2)	
801		RTS	
802	00242858 7A04	REEPS	5 KEEPS
803	0024285A 7E02	M8EEP	300 MILLISEC OFF
804	0024285C 6100FEC8	MOVE.L #4,D5	
		BSR	



.SA 54/47/89 00:21:28

.T55

1.99 SYS ; 102.

Motorola M68000 ASM Version

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805 00242850 61DE      BSR      BEEP
806 00242862 51CDEFF6  DEF      DS,MBEEP
807 00242865 4E75      RTS
808 00242868 162AA003  MOVE.B  3(A2),D3
809 0024286C 00030001  OR.B    #01,D3
810 00242870 15430003  MOVE.B  D3,3(A2)
811 00242874 7E06      MOVE.L  #06,D7
812 00242876 6100FE84  SECND
813 0024287A 020300FE  AND.B   #0FE,D3
814 0024287E 15430003  MOVE.B  D3,3(A2)
815 00242882 4E75      RTS
816
817 00242884 162AA003  CANUP   MOVE.B  3(A2),D3
818 00242889 00030001  OR.B    #01,D3
819 0024288C 15430003  MOVE.B  D3,3(A2)
820 00242890 122A0001  CANLOOP MOVE.B  1(A2),D1
821 00242894 06010004  BTST    #04,D1
822 00242898 66F6      BNE     CANLOOP
823 0024289A 020300FE  AND.B   #0FE,D3
824 0024289E 15430003  MOVE.B  D3,3(A2)
825 002428A2 4E75      RTS
826
827 002428A4 122A0001  FILMSENS MOVE.B  1(A2),D1
828 002428A8 4E75      RTS
829
830 002428AA 020200FE  FEEDFILM AND.B   #0FE,D2
831
832 002428AE 16700000FFFF  MOVE.B  #000,-1(A2)
833 002428B0 15428002  MOVE.B  D2,2(A2)
834 002428B4 2E3C0000FFFF  MOVE.L  #03F88,D7
835 002428B8 51CDEFF6  DBF     D7,FLLP
836 002428C2 00020001  OR.B    #01,D2
837 002428C5 15428002  MOVE.B  D2,2(A2)
838 002428CA 15700000FFFF  MOVE.B  #009,-1(A2)
839 002428D0 7E13      BSR     SECOND
840 002428D2 6100FE28  CLR.L   D7
841 002428D5 4287      HANSHK  MOVE.B  2(A2),D2
842 002428D8 142A0002  ADDQ.L  #1,D7
843 002428DC 5287      BEQ     ERRFF
844 002428DE 0C8700000000  CHPT.L  #0A0000,D7
845 002428E4 67000023  BEQ     #00,D2
846 002428E8 08020000  BTST    HANSHK
847 002428EC 65EA      GNE
848 002428EE 2E3C00000000  MOVE.L  #0A000,D7
849 002428F4 51CDEFF6  DBF     D7,CHECK
850 002428F8 142A0002  MOVE.B  2(A2),D2
851 002428FC 00020000  BTST    #00,D2
852 00242900 671E      BEQ     HALDL00P
853 00242902 3E3C0015  SECND
854 00242906 6100FEF4  BSR     SECOND
855 0024290A 6000001C  NORM
856 0024290E 6100FEF8  REEFS
857 00242912 4BFAFA75  LEA     FFE1(PC),A5
858 00242916 4BFAFA93  LEA     FFE2(PC),A6
859 0024291A 4E4F      TRAP    #15
860 0024291E 0000      DC.W   0
861 00242920 11FE00023A0  MOV.W   #0,PASS
862 00242924 6100FE71A  BSR     CLEAR PASS COUNTER LOCATION

```

PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
TURN FUSER CAM DOWN
700 MSEC FOR MOTOR TO TURN

PREPARE CONTROL REGISTER
TURN FUSER CAM MOTOR OFF

READ INPUT PORT 1
LOOK FOR HIGH SIGNAL
KEEP LOOKING FOR SENSOR

READ FILM PRESENCE AT SCOROTRON SENSOR

SER. COMMUNICATION LINE IS PORT
2. BIT 6
RECONF18 DOR; SER COMM LINE OUTPUT
FILM FEED SIGNAL
20 MSEC PULSE LENGTH

TURN OFF SIGNAL

RECONF18 DOR; SER COMM LINE IS INPUT
WAIT 2. SEC BEFORE LOOKING FOR
HANDSHAKE
PREP D7 FOR HANDSHAKE LOOP COUNTER
READ PORT 2

APPROX 6 SECOND WAIT IN LOOP

LOOP IF HANDSHAKE SIGNAL IS STILL HIGH
(CHECK TO BE SURE NOT STILL LOW AFTER
10 MSEC

KEEP LOOKING FOR HANDSHAKE IF STILL W

FIVE BEEPS
FILM FEED ERROR MESSAGE

CLEAR PASS COUNTER LOCATION

SA 64/47/80 00:21:28

TSS

Mol rola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102.

```

863 00242920 4E75      NORM      RTS
864
865 0024292A 00050000      COUNTER  BTST      #0,D5
866 0024292E 66000029      ENE        WHTCNT1
867 00242932 120A0001      MOVE.B     1(A2),D1
868 00242935 00010002      BTST      #2,D1
869 0024293A 67000048      EEQ       TEST
870 0024293E 00020001      AND.B     #001,D2
871 00242942 00020000      ETST     #0,D2
872 00242945 67000035      BEQ       ADDONE
873 0024294A 02020000      AND.B     #000,D2
874 0024294E 00050001      OR.B      #001,D5
875
876 00242952 51CFFF05      *         D7,COUNTER
877
878 00242955 4E75      *         RTS
879
880 00242950 120A0001      WHTCNT1  MOVE.B     1(A2),D1
881 0024295C 00010002      BTST     #2,D1
882 00242960 66000022      ENE      TEST
883 0024296A 02020001      AND.B     #001,D2
884
885 00242968 00020000      *         BTST     #0,D2
886
887 0024296C 67000018      BEQ       ADDONE
888 00242970 02020000      AND.B     #000,D2
889 00242974 02050000      AND.B     #000,D5
890 00242978 51CFFF00      DEF      D7,COUNTER
891
892 0024297C 4E75      *         RTS
893
894 0024297E 00020001      ADDONE   OR.B      #001,D2
895
896 00242982 6006      *         COUNTER
897 0024298A 00020000      TEST     #0,D2
898
899 0024298B 67A0      BEQ       COUNTER
900 0024298A 02020000      AND.B     #000,D2
901 0024299E 603A      BRA      COUNTER
902
903 00242990 41FAF66E      COPYCODE LEA      START(PC),A0
904 00242994 43FAFFFA      LEA      COPYCODE(PC),A1
905 00242998 247C00020000      MOVE.L   #2000,A2
906 0024299E 2403      COPYLOOP MOVE.L   (A0)+,(A2)+
907 002429A0 B3C8      CMPL     A0,A1
908 002429A2 52FA      BHI      COPYLOOP
909 002429A4 700F      MOVE.L   #15,D0
910 002429A5 4E41      TRAP     #1
911
912 00242990      END      COPYCODE

```

LOOKING FOR BLACK OR WHITE?

READ PORT 1

LOOK FOR BLACK(=1)

TRY AGAIN IF NOT BLACK

FLAG THAT ONE BLACK HAS BEEN SEEN

LOOK TO SEE IF 1 BLACK ALREADY SEEN

COUNT 1 BLACK IF NONE PREVIOUSLY

REMOVE FLAG WHEN 1 BLACK ALREADY SEEN

FLAG THAT 2 BLACKS SEEN--READY TO

COUNT WHITES

SUBTRACT 1 FROM THE NUMBER OF

TRANSITIONS EXPECTED

READ PORT 1

LOOK FOR WHITE(=0)

IF WHITE, SET FLAG THAT 1 WHITE

HAS BEEN SEEN

LOOK TO SEE IF THIS IS THE FIRST

OR SECOND WHITE

ADD 1 TO D2 IF THIS IS THE FIRST

REMOVE FLAG IF THIS IS THE SECOND

ZERO FLAG TO LOOK FOR BLACK

SUBTRACT 1 FROM THE # OF EXPECTED

TRANSITIONS

ADD 1 TO FLAG THAT 1 OF A NEW COLOR

HAS BEEN SEEN

TEST TO SEE IF 1 OF THE DESIRED

COLOR HAS ALREADY BEEN SEEN

IF IT ISN'T, REPEAT

IF IT IS, REMOVE IT

RELOCATE PROGRAM TO 02000

EXIT TO DOS

```

***** TOTAL ERRORS 0--
***** TOTAL WARNINGS 0--

```



Major 10 Mc8000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102. TSS .SA 54/47/80 00:21:28

SYMBOL TABLE LISTING

SYMBOL NAME	SECT	VALUE	SYMBOL NAME	SECT	VALUE
ADDONE		0024297E	HXSESEN		00242740
ATREFUSE		00242820	HRETRACE		00000002
BCS		00000020	IMAGIBAS		00300000
BEAHOFF		FFFFFFFF	IMAGIBAS		00500000
BEEP		00242840	IMAGIBASE		002423AC
BEEP5		00242858	IMAGE		002423E0
BLANKCRT		00242590	IMAGE1		0024240E
BLANKLIN		005000F8	IMAGE2		00242424
BM		00000020	IMAGE3		00242438
CARDOWN		00242858	IMAGEMEM		000023AC
CAPLOOP		00242890	IMG_IN1		0024255E
CAPUP		00242884	IMG_IN2		002425E4
CHAND		00000000	IMG_INIT		002425AC
CHANI		00000040	INTSERV		00242470
CHARGOFF		002427B0	INTSVCA		00242498
CHARGON		002427AB	LL		00000094
CHECK		002428F4	LM		00000047
CLFPORT		00242752	LOFFSET		0000000A
CUNG		0024235C	LUTBASE		00FF0A00
CUNG2		00242389	LUT_IN1		002425E8
CONTINU		0024244A	LUT_INI		0024259E
COPYCODE		00242590	MEEP		0024285A
COPYLOOP		0024299E	NEXTXIT		002424F3
COUNTER		0024292A	NEXTLINE		002424D4
CRTY_C		00FF0504	NEXTREP		002424EA
CS		00000004	NLEND		0024251C
DEVELOFF		002427DE	NLMD		00242505
DEVELON		002424E0	NLSAVE		00242526
DHABASE		00FF0500	NORN		00242928
DHABFC		00000039	NWRITES		00000002
DHACCR		00000097	NXTLINIT		0024249A
DHACLR		00242E7A	OUTPUT		00000005
DHACLR1		00242598	PAS1		002423AB
DHACPR		0000002D	PASS		000023AB
DHACSR		00000000	PL		00000726
DHADAH		00000014	PIXHIGH		00000005
DHACDR		00000004	PXLOFF		00000000
DHADF		00000031	PXLOW		00000011
DHAEIN		00000027	RC		00000001
DHAGCR		000000FF	RDYLOFF		002427C4
DHAIN1		00242502	RDYLTON		002427BA
DHAIN2		002425D8	READ1		0024271C
DHAAH		0000000C	READ2		00242730
DHAFHC		00000029	READGO		0024270C
DHATC		0000000A	REESTRT		00242935
DHANIN		00000025	RESTART		00242040
DHACCR		00000005	RM		00000047
DHACR		00000006	SI		00242702
DMA_IN1		002425C0	SECOND		002425FC
DMA_IN2		00240000	SPAS1		00242319
DUSEASE		0024277A	SPAS2		00242338
DRYEROFF		00242772	START		00242000
DYELON					

PAGE 4-13

Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102. TSS SA 54/47/90 00:21:28

ERRF	0024290E	STPPYC	0000FFD0
FEEDFILM	0024290A	STR1	002422C0
FFE1	00242309	STR2	002422E7
FFE2	0024230B	STRPAC	0000FF70
FFLP	002428EE	TCS	00000028
FFSA1	002422E7	TEST	00242934
FFSA2	002422FB	TH	0000010E
FGSERV	00242578	THRCITL	00FF0992
FILMFASS	0024214E	THRDAT	00FF0900
FILMSENS	00242804	THR_INT	00242594
FL	000001E0	TUNEROFF	002427D6
FPASS1	002422FB	TUNERON	002427CE
FPASS2	00242319	TRANSFOR	0024279E
FSHTRUFF	00242810	TRANSOFF	0024278C
FSHTRUN	00242820	TRANSON	00242794
FSPEDOFF	00242818	TRANSREV	002427F0
FSFEDON	0024235A	V1	002427F6
G0B1	0024236C	VACDEL	00242800
G0B2	00242249	VACUHOFF	002427E3
H1	00242281	VACUON	00242338
H2	00242803	UGB1	0024235A
HANSK	00242800	UGB2	00242958
HOLDLOOP	00242231	WHTCNT1	0024254A
H0M1	002422C0	YTABLE	0000A000
H0M2	00242746	ZLUT	00FF0900
HOMSEE		ZSEL	



PAGE A-19

Motor Ia M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102. STEP0061.SA 54/47/80 00:14:34

```

1  * STEP0061 7/15/86 KB,MM,AS
2  *
3  * PROGRAM TO PLACE IN THE FIRST IMAGE MEMORY A
4  * STEP WEDGE ON AN 1172 PIXEL PER LINE MULTI-FORMATTED IMAGE
5  *
6  * WRAP EQU 1136 FROM END OF STEP WEDGE TO
7  * JMBASE EQU 03000000 START OF STEP WEDGE ON NEXT LINE
8  * STARTADR EQU JMBASE+(180*(1172)+71+512+4+512 FIRST IMAGE MEMORY BASE ADR
9  *
10 *
11 * ORG 0242000
12 * LEA.L STARTADR,A0 START OF IMAGE AREA
13 * CLR.L D1
14 * MOVE.L #14,D3 15 STEP WEDGES
15 * MOVE.L #104,D2 105 LINES PER WEDGE
16 * MOVE.L #35,D0 35 PIXELS PER WEDGE WIDTH
17 * MOVE.B D1,(A0)+ WRITE PIXEL
18 * DBF D0,LOOP
19 * ADDA.L #WRAP,A0 INCREMENT TO NEXT LINE AT WEDGE START
20 * DBF D2,BLOCK INCREMENT PIXEL INTENSITY
21 * ADD.B #10,D1
22 * DBF D3,PICTURE
23 *
24 * MOVE.L #15,D0 EXIT TO VERSADOS
25 * TRAP #1
26 *
27 * END START

```

STEP0061
GENERATED
72***** TOTAL ERRORS 0
***** TOTAL WARNINGS 0

PAGE 4-20

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Motorola M68000 ASM Version 1.90 SYS : 102. STEPMDGJ SA 54/47/60 00:14:34

SYMBOL TABLE LISTING

SYMBOL NAME	SECT	VALUE	SYMBOL NAME	SECT	VALUE
BLOCK		0024200C	START		00242000
IMGEASE		00300000	STARTADR		00333C5B
LOOP		0024200E	WRAP		00000A70
PICTURE		0024200A			



MOS 4-81

USING FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF
LOOK-UP TABLE GENERATOR 66

```

// DOUT CC - Manages look-up table data & files */
// K P Golden, Electronic Imaging, Inc. (company) */
//
// When values are modified, 15 measurements are */
// expected to be supplied. These are optical */
// densities measured in target areas imaged with */
// 3-bit values of 0,18,36, 252 (spaced by 18) */
//
// LUT data is loaded into RAM for later use */
//
#include <MATH.H>
// file-system arguments */
#define RMODE 0
#define WMODE 1
#define RMODE 2

#define ZLUT 0x0000 // ram image of LUT */
unsigned int shufptr;

#define LEN 60
char buf(LEN+1), shufptr; // working line buffer */
static char prefix[22] = (" DC.U (0000)");
// global versions of main's */

int margc;
char (margv[10];

main(argc,argv)
char targv[];
{
//----- DECLARATIONS -----
char filename[32],snamep; // composite file name string */
int tiled; // main file descriptor */
int tiled; // backup file descriptor */
char backname[32],tnamep; // backup file name string */
int status; // used with "file" calls */
int i,j,k; // general indexes */
long int olut[256],nlut(256); // look-up values */

//----- S.I.G.N.O.N -----
printf("W330mLook-up table manager, K P Golden, 10/16/85\n");
if (argc < 2)
{
printf("syntax = DOUT <filename> [-M]\n");
printf("If -M absent: <filename> is read into RAM at %s-x\n",ZLUT);
printf("If -M present: <filename> is replaced by <filename> & This\n");
printf("data is updated per supplied 0.D. measurements.\n");
printf("data is loaded into RAM, replacing <filename> LUT\n");
printf("Optional 3rd argument: -L forces linear table\n");
printf("or: -X supplies 0.D. values automatically\n");
printf("\n");
}

margc = argc;
for (i=0; i<argc; i++)
margv[i] = argv[i];

//----- SET UP FILE NAMES -----
shufptr = argv[1];
fnamep = &filename[0];
backp = &backname[0];
while shufptr < " "
{
shufptr++;
}
// parse past leading space */
while shufptr < " "
{
shufptr++;
}

```

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PAGE A-13

```

//update oldlut, newlut;

//***** WRITE LUT FILE *****//
if ( !fileds = creat(filename, "w+b") ) < 0 {
    errstr("creating", filename, status);
    fullfil(fileds, newlut);
    if ( !status = close(fileds) ) < 0 {
        errstr("closing", filename, status);
    }
}

//***** LOAD LUT INTO RAM *****//
lutptr = (unsigned long int)ZLUT; //x absolute adrs z/
for( i=0; i<256; i++)
    (*lutptr++) = (unsigned int)newlut(i);

//***** EXHIBIT LUT DATA *****//
printf( "%15s\n", "ZLUT" );
printf( "Look-up table loaded at %x-x contains:\n", ZLUT );
lutptr = (unsigned long int)ZLUT; //x absolute adrs z/
for( i=0; i<32; i++) //x show 32 lines z/
{
    for( j=0; j<8; j++) //x of 8 numbers each z/
    {
        if( j == 0 )
            printf( " " );
        printf( "%5u", *lutptr++ ); //x exhibit value z/
    }
    printf( "\n%15s\n", "ZLUT" ); //x terminate exhibit line z/
}

exit(0);
}

//x Algorithm for revising the LUT data is after the example provided z/
//x by the program MISLUT.CC written by M. Moncilovich, mid 1995 z/
{
    long int oldlut, newlut;

    int i, j, k;
    float newlut[15];
    float oldlut[15];
    int lower, upper;
    float oldlarg;
    float slope;

    printf( "\n%15s\n", "ZLUT" );
    printf( "Enter new Optical Density readings in descending order\n" );
    printf( "for 15 areas imaged with 8-bit values starting within" );
    printf( "252 (8FC) and descending to 0 by steps of 18 (812) \n" );
    printf( "There must be at least 02 separation in readings. \n" );
    printf( "Hit return after each entry \n" );
    bufptr = malloc(3);
    if( (nargs > 4) &&
        (bufptr[0] == '-') &&
        ( (bufptr[1] == 'x') || (bufptr[1] == 'X') ) ) //x is "x" z/
    {
        for( i=0; i<15; i++)
        {
            od[i] = 31 - 0.2 * (float)i;
            printf( "Using 0.D. for level 0x-2d = %f\n", i+1, od[i]);
        }
    }
    else
    {
        for( i=0; i<15; i++)
        {
            printf( "0.D. for level 0x-2d = ?\n", i+1 );
            j = scanf( "%s", buf );
        }
    }
}

```

PAGE 4-16

```

value) = (float)val; for (int i;
)
while( (odf(i)>0) || (odf(i)<0) || (j==0) );
/* compute floating values for LUT at input 0 D points */
/* point #1 is a special case */
lower = 0;
for (i=0; i<15; i++) {odf(i)=odf(i); i++;}
lower = 180(i+1); /* assign lower = lowest unbounded */
fmlut(0) = (float)oldlut(lower);
/* compute points #2 ... #14 */
for (i=1; i<14; i++) /* work down from next highest 0 D */
/* compute target 0 D value if linearized */
odfarg = (float)( (double)odf(i) - (double)odf(14)) /
(double)14.0;
+ (double)0.0001;
/* use slightly larger value to resolve ambiguity */
/* which occurs when 0 D values are equally spaced */
j = 0;
while( (odf(j) > odfarg) && (j<14) )
j++;
k = 180(--j); /* leaves j as index of 0 D input */
/* which is larger than "odfarg" */
/* but smallest of those available */
slope = (float)( (oldlut(k+18) - oldlut(k)) /
(odf(k+1) - odf(k)) );
fmlut(i) = (float)oldlut(k) + slope*(odfarg - odf(k));
printf( "%s-2d target=%f base=%s-2d rate=%f\n",
i+1, odfarg, j+1, slope );
}
/* finally compute point #15 as a special case too */
upper = 252;
for( j=14; (j)>0; j-- (i = (lower/18+1))) ; i--
{
if( (odf(i)-j)>odf(i) )
upper = 180(i-1); /* assign upper = highest unbounded */
}
fmlut(14) = (float)oldlut(upper);
/* exhibit values computed for new LUT at 0 D input points */
for (i=0; i<15; i++)
printf( "fmlut(%s-2d) = %f\n", i, fmlut(i) );
/* interpolate actual integer LUT values at all points */
for (i=0; i<14; i++)
{
for (j=0; j<18; j++)
newlut[ 180+i+j ] = (long int)( fmlut(i) +
(float)j*(fmlut(i+1) - fmlut(i)) /
18.00 );
}
/* there are 15 steps of 18 counts to establish 0 ... 255 range */
/* but this ends just before #EC = 252. Manually enter the rest */
newlut[252] = (long int)( fmlut(14) );
newlut[253] = (long int)( fmlut(14) + (fmlut(14)-fmlut(13))/18.0 );
newlut[254] = (long int)( fmlut(14) + (fmlut(14)-fmlut(13))/9.00 );
newlut[255] = (long int)( fmlut(14) + (fmlut(14)-fmlut(13))/5.00 );

```



PAGE A-15

```

    for( i=0; i<32; i++)
    {
        if( newlut(i) != 0 )
        {
            newlut(i) = (long int)0;
            if( newlut(i) != (long int)0xFFFF )
            {
                newlut(i) = (long int)0xFFFF;
            }
        }
    }

    putluts( fdg, lutg );
    int fdg;
    long int lutg[];

    auto int i, j;
    auto int status;

    for( i=0; i<32; i++)
    {
        for( j=0; j<BLEN; j++)
        {
            buf[j] = '\0';
            strcpy( buf, prefix );
            bufptr = buf + strlen( prefix );
            for( j=0; j<8; j++)
            {
                ltoa( lutg[ 815*j ], bufptr, 6 );
                /* instead of "5" as width, uses more file space if needed */
                bufptr += 5;
                /* followed by comma */
            }
            if( --bufptr ) = '\015';
            /* terminate line with CR */
            if( bufptr ) = '\012';
            /* then LF */
            buf[BLEN] = '\0';
            /* terminate string */
            /* exhibit the string */
            /* write string out the file */
            if( BLEN != write( fdg, buf, BLEN ) )
            {
                printf( "Problem writing result file= %d\n", status );
                exit( 0 );
            }
        }
    }

    getluts( fdg, lutg );
    int fdg;
    long int lutg[];

    auto int i, j;
    auto int status;

    for( i=0; i<32; i++)
    {
        for( j=0; j<BLEN; j++)
        {
            buf[j] = '\0';
            if( (status = read( fdg, buf, BLEN )) < 47 )
            {
                /* read a line */
                /* need at least 815+7(commas) characters */
                printf( "Problem reading input file= %d\n", status );
                printf( "%s\n", buf );
                exit( 0 );
            }
        }
        else
        {
            /* discard the balance of the "record" line */
            buf[BLEN] = '\0';
            /* make certain it is terminated */
            bufptr = &buf[0];
            /* initialize pointer */
            for( j=0; j<8; j++)
            {
                /* for 8 substrings */
            }
        }
    }

```

```

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while (tbufptr < '0') { tbufptr = '0'; }
tbufptr++;
// past leading char t/
while (tbufptr < '9') { tbufptr = '9'; }
// past digit substituting t/
tbufptr++;
// t = 0
// printf( " " );
// printf( "%5u", (unsigned int)tbufptr ); // exhibit value t/
// printf( "\015\012\n" ); // terminate exhibit line t/
}
if( (R1+j) < 255 )
{
    printf( "Only %d values found\n", R1+j );
    exit( -2 );
}
errq( merrp, ferrp, sterr );
char mterr;
char sterr;
int sterr;
{
    sterr( merrp, ferrp, sterr );
    exit(0);
}
sterr( mshop, fshop, stshop );
char mshop;
char fshop;
int stshop;
{
    printf( "Problem %s file: %s = (%d)\n", mshop, fshop, stshop );
}

```

Claims

1. A method for generating a dynamically corrected look-up table for modulating the intensity of actinic radiation incident on an imaging element comprising the steps of:

(a) modulating the intensity of actinic radiation representative of an image having a predetermined number of variable optical density levels in accordance with a dynamically corrected look-up table;

(b) exposing an imaging element to the modulation actinic radiation representative of the image;

(c) modulating the intensity of the actinic radiation with information representative of a step wedge having a predetermined number of known optical density levels using the dynamically corrected look-up table;

(d) exposing the imaging element to the actinic radiation modulated by the step wedge information;

(e) developing the image and step wedge on the imaging element;

(f) comparing the optical density levels of the developed step wedge to the known optical density levels;

(g) generating a correction signal based on the difference between the developed step wedge optical density and the known optical density levels, and

(h) correcting the look-up table in accordance with the correction signal.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein steps (a) and (c) are performed simultaneously.

3. An exposure control system comprising:

means for storing a look-up table of exposure correction factors;

means for measuring at the actual optical density of an image of a step wedge and generating a signal representative thereof;

means for comparing the signal representative of the step wedge with a known set of optical density levels corresponding to the step wedge to generate a set of correction values; and

means to apply the set of correction values to modify the look-up table of exposure correction factors thereby to form a dynamically corrected look-up table of such exposure correction factors useful to control the intensity of actinic radiation incident on an imaging element.

4. An apparatus for producing a continuous tone toned electrophotographic image comprising:



(a) means for transporting an imaging element along a predetermined path including first and second spaced positions;

(b) a dispenser of imaging elements placed adjacent the transporting means surface to dispense one imaging element at a time from the dispenser onto the transporting means, the imaging element having an imaging surface thereon;

(c) charging means located adjacent to the transporting means following the dispenser in the direction of motion of the transporting means for establishing a uniform electrical charge on the surface of the imaging element;

(d) means for producing a latent electrostatic image on the imaging surface;

(e) toning means to apply an electrostatic toner on the latent electrostatic image on the imaging surface to render the latent image visible; and

(f) means to permanently fix the toned image;

(g) wherein the means for producing the latent electrostatic image itself comprises:

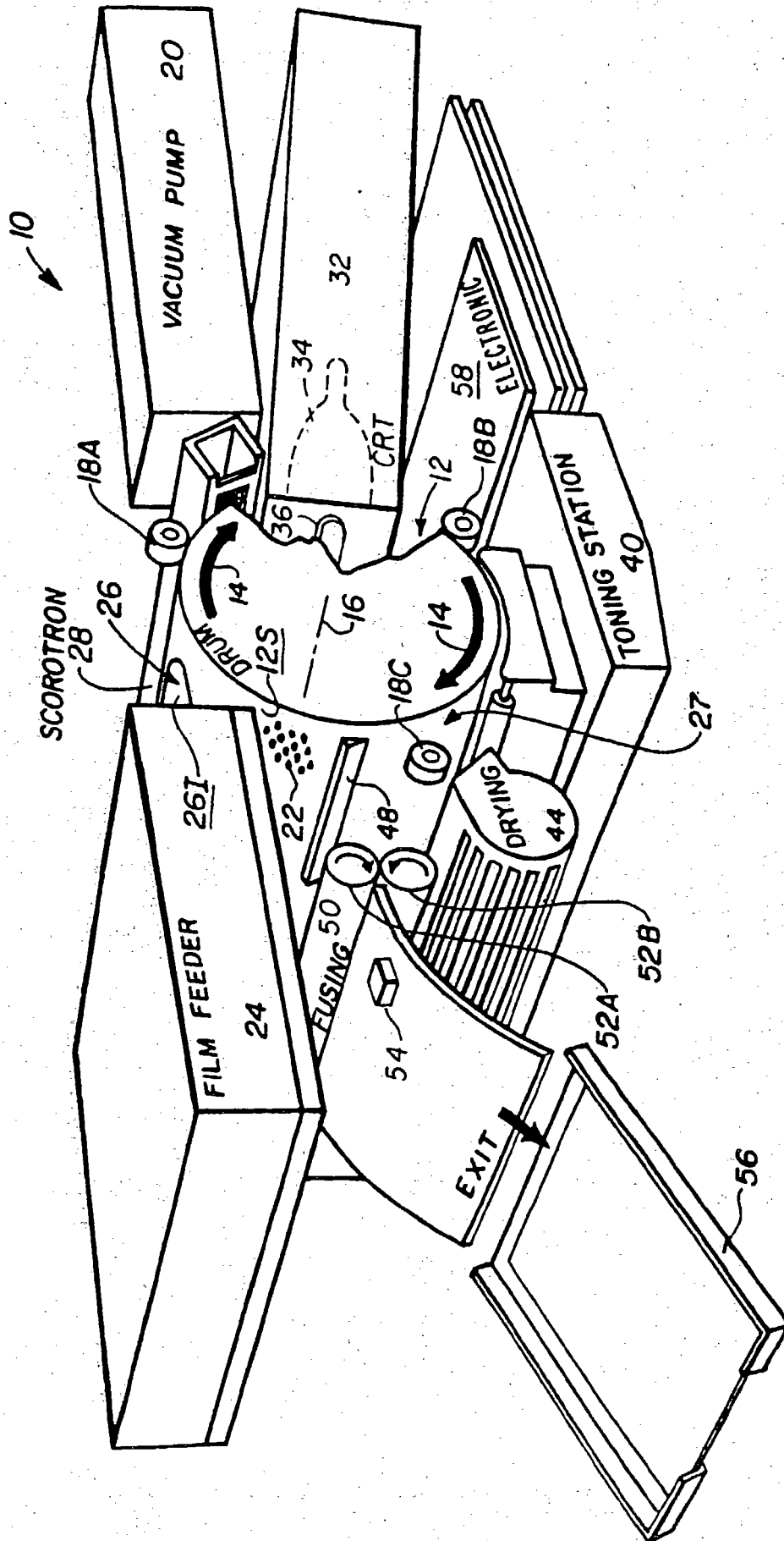
means for storing a look-up table of exposure correction factors;

means for measuring at the actual optical density of an image of a step wedge and generating a signal representative thereof;

means for comparing the signal representative of the step wedge with a known set of optical density levels corresponding to the step wedge to generate a set of correction values;

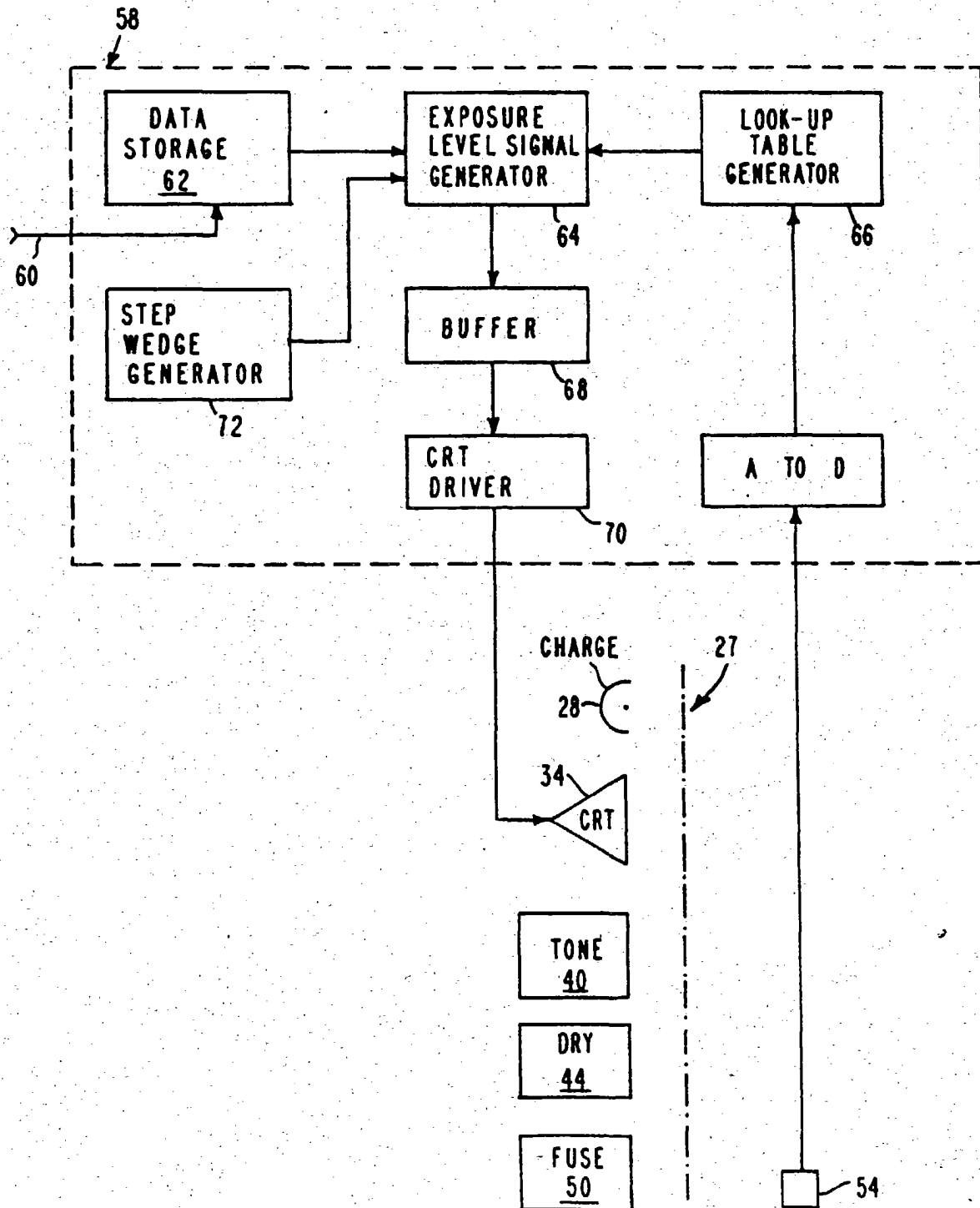
means to apply the set of correction values to modify the look-up table of exposure correction factors thereby to form a dynamically corrected look-up table of such exposure correction factors useful to control the intensity of actinic radiation incident on an imaging element.

FIG. 1



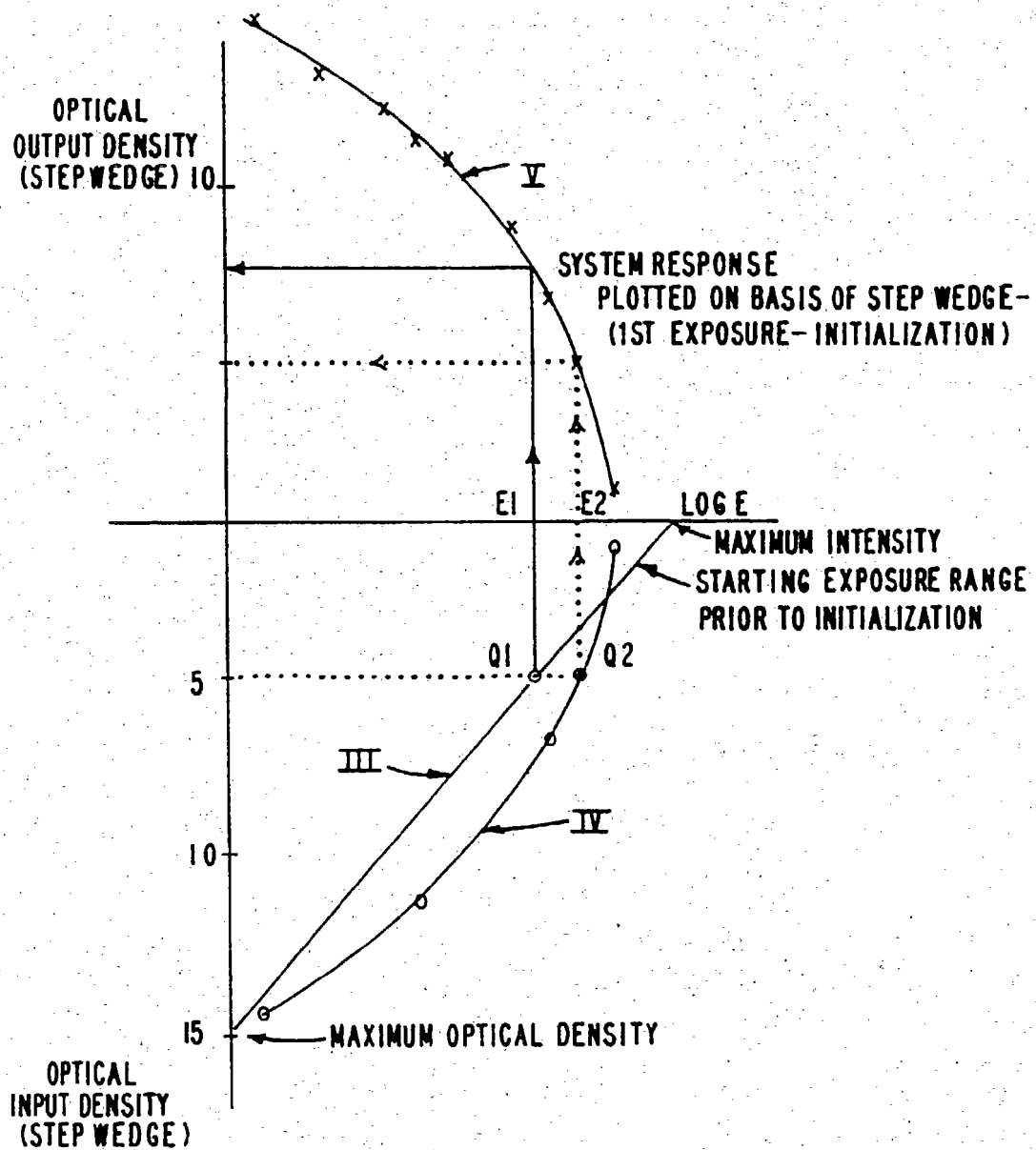
000000

FIG. 2



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FIG. 4



(19)



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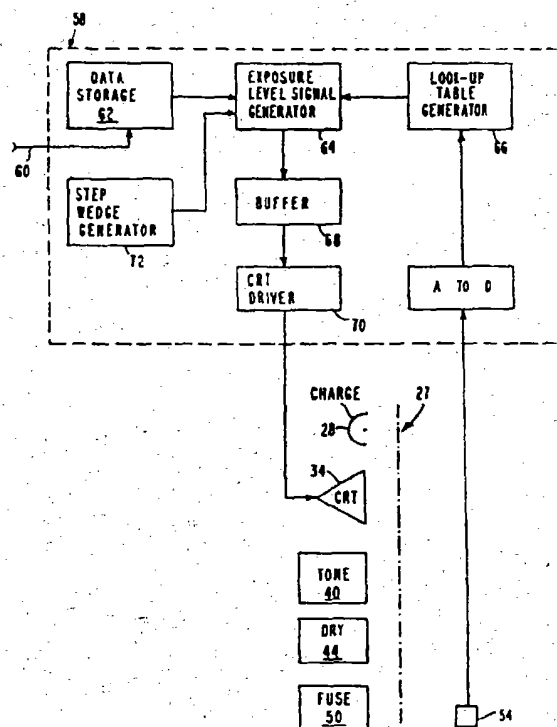
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(54) Exposure control system for continuous tone electrophotographic film.

(57) An exposure control system which permits accurate reproduction of optical density levels on a final image is characterized by a dynamically corrected look-up table. The look-up table is used to calculate each desired exposure intensity level for each image pixel on the basis of data obtained during the exposure and development of an immediately preceding image.

F I G. 2



EP 0 269 033 A3



DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
A	GB-A-1 559 341 (XEROX) * complete document * ---	1-4	G 03 G 15/052 G 03 B 27/72
A	DE-A-3 432 515 (CANON) * complete document * ---	1-4	
A	EP-A-0 139 174 (MITA INDUSTRIAL) * complete document * ---	1-4	
A	DE-A-3 605 320 (CANON) * complete document * ---	1-4	
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN, vol. 9, no. 86 (P-349)(1809), 16th April 1985; & JP - A - 59 216 165 (CANON) 06-12-1984 ---	1-4	
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN, vol. 9, no. 161 (P-370)(1884), 5th July 1985; & JP - A - 60 35757_(RICOH) 23.2.1985 ---	1-4	
A	DE-A-3 010 945 (LOG ETRONICS) ---		TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4)
D,A	THOMES "SPSE Handbook of photographic science and engineering", 1973, Willey Interscience; * pages 783-784 * -----		G 03 B 27/00 G 03 G 15/00 G 06 K 15/12 H 04 N 1/00
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search BERLIN		Date of completion of the search 16-10-1988	Examiner HOPPE H
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons ----- & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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